JOB OPENINGS AND LABOR TURNOVER FOR DECEMBER 2002 AVAILABLE

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Data on job openings and labor turnover were released today by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the U.S. Department of Labor. The data can be accessed on the JOLTS website at www.bls.gov/jlt/. These series include estimates of the number and rate of job openings (see tables 1 and 2), hires (see tables 3 and 4), and separations (see tables 5 through 12) for the nation, by industry and geographic region. Job openings are a measure of unmet labor demand and can be compared with unemployment, which measures unused labor supply.

Job openings refer to the number on the last business day of the month, and the number of hires and separations are for the entire month. The sample of 16,000 business establishments covers both the private sector and government. Estimates from the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) are not seasonally adjusted, and experience suggests that there is a seasonal pattern to job openings, hires, and separations. Thus, comparisons of JOLTS estimates should be based on the same month in different years (for example, December 2002 to December 2001); comparisons between consecutive months should not be used as an indicator of trend.

The estimates from the JOLTS program are considered developmental and caution should be exercised in drawing conclusions from them. The sample of establishments selected for the survey was not fully initiated until January 2002, and therefore JOLTS estimates for January 2002 forward are based on more survey responses. In March 2002, BLS procedures for collecting hires and separations data were revised to address possible underreporting. As a result, JOLTS hires and separations estimates for months prior to March 2002 may not be comparable with estimates for March 2002 and later. See the Technical Note for additional information.

BLS plans to update the job openings, hires, and separations series from the JOLTS program on its website each month. Estimates for January 2003 are scheduled for release March 27, 2003. Please refer to the BLS website (www.bls.gov) for updates of the JOLTS series.

For additional information, please see the Technical Note or the JOLTS website at www.bls.gov/jlt/. Additional information about JOLTS also may be obtained by emailing Joltsinfo@bls.gov or by calling (202) 691-5870.

Technical Note

The statistics for the Job Openings and Labor Turnover Survey (JOLTS) are compiled by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics from data collected monthly from a sample of business establishments.

Collection

Each month, data are collected in a survey of business establishments for total employment, job openings, hires, quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Data collection methods include computer-assisted telephone interviewing, touchtone data entry, fax, and mail.

Coverage

The JOLTS sample includes randomly selected nonfarm establishments such as factories, offices, and stores, as well as federal, state, and local government entities in the 50 states and the District of Columbia.

Concepts

Industry classification. The industry classifications in this release are in accordance with the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual. In order to ensure the highest possible quality of data, State Employment Security Agencies verify with employers and update, if necessary, the industry code, location, and ownership classification of all establishments on a 3-year cycle. Changes in establishment classification codes resulting from the verification process are always introduced with the data reported for the first month of the year.

Employment. Employment includes persons on the payroll who worked or received pay for the pay period that includes the 12th day of the reference month. Full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, short-term, salaried, and hourly employees are included, as are employees on paid vacations or other paid leave. Persons on leave without pay or on strike for the entire pay period, or who are proprietors or partners of unincorporated businesses or unpaid family workers, are not counted as employed.

Job openings. Establishments submit job openings information for the last business day of the reference month. A job opening requires that 1) a specific position exists, 2) work could start within 30 days, and 3) the employer is actively recruiting from outside of the establishment to fill the position. Included are full-time, part-time, permanent, temporary, and short-term openings. Active recruiting means that the establishment is engaged in current efforts to fill the job opening, such as advertising in newspapers or on the Internet, posting help-wanted signs, accepting applications, or using other similar methods.

Excluded are jobs to be filled only by internal transfers, promotions, demotions, or recall from layoffs. Also excluded are jobs with start dates more than 30 days in the future and jobs for which employees have been hired but have not yet reported for work. The job openings rate is computed by dividing the number of job openings by the sum of employment and job openings and multiplying that quotient by 100.

Hires. A hire is reported if it occurred any time during the reference month. Hires are the total number of additions to the payroll during the

month, including both new and rehired employees, on-call or intermittent employees who returned to work after having been formally separated, transfers from other locations, and employees recalled to the location after a layoff lasting more than 7 days. The hires rate is computed by dividing the number of hires by employment and multiplying that quotient by 100.

Separations. Separations are terminations of employment occurring any time during the reference month and are reported by type of separation—quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations. Quits are voluntary separations. Layoffs and discharges are involuntary separations initiated by the employer and include layoffs with no intent to rehire or formal layoffs lasting or expected to last more than 7 days, discharges for cause, and terminations of seasonal employees. Other separations include retirements, transfers to other locations, deaths, and separations due to disability. Separations do not include transfers within the location or employees on strike.

The separations rate is computed by dividing the number of separations by employment and multiplying that quotient by 100. The quits, layoffs and discharges, and other separations rates are computed using a similar method.

Sample methodology

The 16,000 establishments in JOLTS are drawn from a universe of approximately eight million establishments compiled as part of the operations of the Covered Employment and Wages, or ES-202, program. This program includes all employers subject to state Unemployment Insurance (UI) laws and federal agencies subject to Unemployment Compensation for Federal Employees (UCFE).

The sample design is based on a probability sample of firms, and BLS conducts sample validation procedures to ensure the suitability of the establishments selected.

The sampling frame is stratified by ownership, census region, major industry division, and size class. Large firms fall into the sample with virtual certainty. The sample is rotated so that most establishments participate in the survey for 18 consecutive months. JOLTS total employment estimates are controlled to the employment estimates of the Current Employment Statistics (CES) survey. A ratio of CES to JOLTS employment is used to adjust the levels for all other JOLTS data elements. Rates are then computed from the adjusted levels.

Using developmental data

The JOLTS data series on job openings, hires, and separations are considered developmental. The full sample is divided into 18 panels, with one panel enrolled each month. All 18 panels were not completely enrolled in the survey until early 2002. The data collected up until that point are from less than the full sample. Therefore, estimates from earlier months should be used with caution, as fewer sampled units were reporting data at that time.

In March 2002, BLS procedures for collecting hires and separations data were revised to address possible underreporting. As a result, JOLTS hires and separations estimates for months prior to March 2002 may not be comparable with estimates for March 2002 and later.

The estimates are not seasonally adjusted, and month-to-month changes in the estimates are subject to strong seasonal variation.

Reliability of the estimates

JOLTS estimates are subject to both sampling and nonsampling error. When a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed, there is a chance that the sample estimates may differ from the "true" population values they represent. The exact difference, or sampling error, varies depending on the particular sample selected, and this variability is measured by the standard error of the estimate. There is a 90-percent chance, or level of confidence, that an estimate based on a sample will differ by no more than 1.6 standard errors from the "true" population value because of sampling error. BLS analyses are generally conducted at the 90-percent level of confidence. Estimates of sampling errors are available upon request.

In general, estimates involving many establishments have lower standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) than estimates that are based on observations from fewer establishments. The precision of estimates also is improved when the data are cumulated over time such as for quarterly and annual averages.

The JOLTS estimates also are affected by nonsampling error. Nonsampling errors can occur for many reasons, including the failure to include a segment of the population, the inability to obtain data from all units in the sample, the inability or unwillingness of respondents to provide data on a timely basis, mistakes made by respondents, and errors made in the collection or processing of the data.

JOLTS hires and separations estimates cannot be used to exactly explain net changes in payroll employment. Research has found that some reporters systematically underreport separations relative to hires due to a number of factors, including the nature of their payroll systems and practices. The shortfall appears to be about 2 percent or less over a 12-month period. Other reasons why it is problematic to compare changes in payroll employment with JOLTS hires and separations, especially over short-term periods, are:

1) the reference period for payroll employment is the pay period including the 12th of the month, while the reference period for hires and separations is the calendar month; and 2) payroll employment can vary from month to month simply because part-time and on-call workers may not always work during the pay period including the 12th of the month.

To improve the employment estimates, JOLTS employment estimates are controlled to the Current Employment Statistics employment estimates. The samplebased estimates from the CES program are adjusted once a year (on a lagged basis) to universe counts of payroll employment obtained from administrative records of the unemployment insurance program. The difference between the March sample-based employment estimates and the March universe counts is known as a benchmark revision and serves as a rough proxy for total CES survey error. Over the past decade, the benchmark revision for total nonfarm employment has averaged 0.3 percent, ranging from zero to 0.7 percent. This annual benchmark revision will affect the JOLTS program once a year through the employment adjustment process.

Other information

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: 202-691-5200; TDD message referral phone: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. Job openings rates¹ by industry and census region (Percent)

| (Percent) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Mining | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.2 | .6 | .9 | .8 | .6 | .9 | 1.3 | .9 | .6 | .6 | .4 |
| Construction | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.6 | .8 | .8 |
| Manufacturing | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Durable goods | .9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Nondurable goods | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Wholesale trade | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 |
| Retail trade | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 1.5 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| Services | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Government | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 |
| Federal | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| State and local | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| South | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Midwest | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.6 |
| West | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| vvest | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 |
| | | I | I | I | I | I | I | I | | | I | I | I |

¹ The job openings rate is the number of job openings on the last business day of the month as a percent of total employment plus job openings.

The estimates are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia,

Table 2. Job openings levels¹ by industry and census region (In thousands)

| (in thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| addily and concac region | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 2,820 | 2,915 | 3,030 | 3,188 | 3,258 | 3,455 | 3,247 | 3,462 | 3,493 | 3,374 | 3,227 | 2,826 | 2,558 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 2,396 | 2,488 | 2,595 | 2,739 | 2,779 | 2,930 | 2,735 | 2,960 | 2,992 | 2,895 | 2,784 | 2,407 | 2,151 |
| Mining | 9 | 8 | 7 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| Construction | 69 | 83 | 81 | 106 | 110 | 126 | 133 | 106 | 109 | 105 | 113 | 55 | 53 |
| Manufacturing | 167 | 205 | 226 | 233 | 249 | 278 | 279 | 280 | 295 | 258 | 222 | 195 | 179 |
| Durable goods | 92 | 110 | 132 | 134 | 142 | 157 | 165 | 165 | 173 | 132 | 123 | 110 | 102 |
| Nondurable goods | 75 | 95 | 94 | 99 | 107 | 121 | 113 | 115 | 122 | 126 | 99 | 85 | 77 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 102 | 116 | 107 | 120 | 137 | 132 | 99 | 121 | 138 | 115 | 111 | 113 | 110 |
| Wholesale trade | 69 | 105 | 109 | 139 | 113 | 115 | 147 | 128 | 117 | 111 | 81 | 89 | 77 |
| Retail trade | 484 | 448 | 481 | 558 | 547 | 576 | 545 | 667 | 642 | 658 | 723 | 524 | 374 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 189 | 182 | 191 | 209 | 195 | 189 | 194 | 179 | 192 | 170 | 170 | 173 | 172 |
| Services | 1,308 | 1,341 | 1,394 | 1,371 | 1,424 | 1,508 | 1,335 | 1,475 | 1,492 | 1,474 | 1,361 | 1,255 | 1,183 |
| Government | 424 | 427 | 434 | 449 | 479 | 525 | 512 | 502 | 501 | 479 | 443 | 419 | 406 |
| Federal | 46 | 37 | 54 | 59 | 52 | 65 | 47 | 55 | 57 | 52 | 42 | 50 | 41 |
| State and local | 378 | 389 | 381 | 390 | 426 | 460 | 465 | 447 | 444 | 427 | 401 | 369 | 365 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 542 | 478 | 484 | 527 | 542 | 604 | 561 | 599 | 654 | 612 | 629 | 535 | 433 |
| South | 1,053 | 1,156 | 1,207 | 1,190 | 1,245 | 1,389 | 1,223 | 1,282 | 1,277 | 1,284 | 1,134 | 1,092 | 977 |
| Midwest | 643 | 612 | 649 | 713 | 727 | 692 | 682 | 757 | 738 | 681 | 649 | 550 | 516 |
| West | 582 | 668 | 690 | 759 | 744 | 769 | 781 | 824 | 823 | 796 | 815 | 649 | 632 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | i |

¹ Job openings are the number of job openings on the last business day of the month. The estimates are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,

Table 3. Hires rates¹ by industry and census region (Percent)

| (Percent) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. 2001 | Jan. 2002 | Feb. 2002 | Mar. 2002 | Apr. 2002 | May 2002 | June 2002 | July 2002 | Aug. 2002 | Sept. 2002 | Oct. 2002 | Nov. 2002 | Dec. 2002 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.4 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Mining | 1.8 | 5.2 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 5.8 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 |
| Construction | 3.2 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 3.6 |
| Manufacturing | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| Durable goods | .9 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| Nondurable goods | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.5 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| Wholesale trade | 1.5 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 |
| Retail trade | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.9 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 4.1 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| Services | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Government | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 |
| Federal | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.2 | 1.2 | .9 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 1.9 |
| State and local | .9 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| South | 2.5 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Midwest | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 |
| West | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ The hires rate is the number of hires during the entire month as a percent of total employment. The estimates are not seasonally adjusted. NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,

Table 4. Hires levels¹ by industry and census region (In thousands)

| (In thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. 2001 | Jan. 2002 | Feb. 2002 | Mar. 2002 | Apr. 2002 | May 2002 | June 2002 | July 2002 | Aug. 2002 | Sept. 2002 | Oct. 2002 | Nov. 2002 | Dec. 2002 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 3,068 | 3,529 | 3,574 | 3,806 | 4,270 | 4,864 | 5,170 | 4,718 | 4,847 | 4,787 | 4,082 | 3,685 | 3,187 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 2,862 | 3,234 | 3,345 | 3,584 | 4,026 | 4,530 | 4,722 | 4,347 | 4,345 | 4,319 | 3,757 | 3,388 | 2,951 |
| Mining | 10 | 29 | 12 | 20 | 15 | 33 | 22 | 21 | 20 | 16 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| Construction | 212 | 303 | 286 | 321 | 414 | 422 | 477 | 420 | 365 | 407 | 364 | 256 | 232 |
| Manufacturing | 224 | 297 | 336 | 342 | 397 | 463 | 482 | 446 | 405 | 404 | 342 | 285 | 233 |
| Durable goods | 92 | 166 | 205 | 216 | 232 | 262 | 284 | 223 | 224 | 222 | 194 | 163 | 131 |
| Nondurable goods | 131 | 131 | 131 | 126 | 165 | 202 | 199 | 223 | 181 | 182 | 149 | 122 | 102 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 123 | 142 | 145 | 139 | 210 | 169 | 172 | 177 | 191 | 213 | 144 | 152 | 135 |
| Wholesale trade | 98 | 132 | 120 | 146 | 153 | 183 | 210 | 206 | 195 | 171 | 127 | 122 | 93 |
| Retail trade | 972 | 821 | 893 | 1,002 | 1,142 | 1,326 | 1,309 | 1,214 | 1,340 | 1,315 | 1,290 | 1,271 | 964 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 119 | 134 | 159 | 153 | 157 | 206 | 198 | 185 | 162 | 173 | 128 | 145 | 127 |
| Services | 1,104 | 1,378 | 1,395 | 1,463 | 1,538 | 1,727 | 1,851 | 1,678 | 1,668 | 1,621 | 1,354 | 1,148 | 1,161 |
| Government | 206 | 295 | 229 | 222 | 244 | 334 | 448 | 371 | 502 | 469 | 324 | 297 | 236 |
| Federal | 37 | 31 | 33 | 28 | 28 | 41 | 57 | 32 | 24 | 26 | 40 | 70 | 50 |
| State and local | 169 | 263 | 196 | 194 | 216 | 293 | 391 | 339 | 478 | 442 | 284 | 227 | 186 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 508 | 523 | 456 | 528 | 622 | 821 | 904 | 817 | 782 | 792 | 697 | 618 | 523 |
| South | 1,150 | 1,466 | 1,549 | 1,607 | 1,597 | 1,863 | 1,894 | 1,759 | 1,747 | 1,779 | 1,538 | 1,431 | 1,274 |
| Midwest | 709 | 718 | 782 | 821 | 1,108 | 1,193 | 1,251 | 1,026 | 1,253 | 1,118 | 902 | 781 | 674 |
| West | 700 | 822 | 787 | 849 | 943 | 987 | 1,120 | 1,116 | 1,065 | 1,097 | 945 | 854 | 716 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ Hires are the number of hires during the entire month.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,

Table 5. Total separations rates¹ by industry and census region

| (Percent) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 3.5 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Mining | 3.0 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 2.9 |
| Construction | 7.3 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 5.6 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.6 |
| Manufacturing | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| Durable goods | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 3.4 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.3 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.1 |
| Wholesale trade | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| Retail trade | 5.0 | 5.2 | 4.0 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.8 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| Services | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 4.6 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 |
| Government | 1.0 | 1.0 | .8 | .9 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Federal | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 2.4 |
| State and local | .8 | .9 | .8 | .8 | .9 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.0 | .9 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| South | 3.4 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 3.1 |
| Midwest | 3.4 | 3.0 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 2.7 |
| West | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ The separations rate is the number of total separations during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

The estimates are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia,

Table 6. Total separations levels¹ by industry and census region (In thousands)

| (In thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. 2001 | Jan. 2002 | Feb. 2002 | Mar. 2002 | Apr. 2002 | May 2002 | June 2002 | July 2002 | Aug. 2002 | Sept. 2002 | Oct. 2002 | Nov. 2002 | Dec. 2002 |
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 4,265 | 3,944 | 3,366 | 3,514 | 3,791 | 4,037 | 4,435 | 4,455 | 5,372 | 4,653 | 4,055 | 3,848 | 3,950 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 4,059 | 3,741 | 3,186 | 3,320 | 3,584 | 3,754 | 4,036 | 4,154 | 4,925 | 4,273 | 3,819 | 3,617 | 3,714 |
| Mining | 17 | 21 | 18 | 21 | 15 | 13 | 18 | 17 | 22 | 22 | 18 | 13 | 16 |
| Construction | 480 | 311 | 335 | 330 | 293 | 315 | 379 | 347 | 459 | 384 | 444 | 403 | 424 |
| Manufacturing | 552 | 434 | 415 | 427 | 431 | 468 | 475 | 488 | 555 | 451 | 480 | 426 | 373 |
| Durable goods | 320 | 266 | 232 | 246 | 256 | 285 | 294 | 293 | 345 | 265 | 286 | 226 | 217 |
| Nondurable goods | 233 | 168 | 183 | 181 | 175 | 183 | 181 | 195 | 210 | 186 | 194 | 200 | 157 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 197 | 208 | 185 | 148 | 169 | 146 | 195 | 147 | 196 | 192 | 163 | 180 | 211 |
| Wholesale trade | 164 | 141 | 147 | 137 | 178 | 164 | 190 | 241 | 184 | 188 | 179 | 160 | 175 |
| Retail trade | 1,209 | 1,206 | 914 | 959 | 1,008 | 1,120 | 1,187 | 1,201 | 1,385 | 1,365 | 1,118 | 1,063 | 1,134 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 143 | 171 | 118 | 165 | 144 | 200 | 154 | 176 | 212 | 163 | 125 | 137 | 158 |
| Services | 1,297 | 1,249 | 1,053 | 1,134 | 1,345 | 1,327 | 1,437 | 1,537 | 1,911 | 1,507 | 1,291 | 1,235 | 1,223 |
| Government | 207 | 203 | 180 | 195 | 206 | 283 | 399 | 301 | 447 | 380 | 236 | 231 | 236 |
| Federal | 51 | 41 | 27 | 35 | 30 | 31 | 37 | 26 | 38 | 28 | 25 | 30 | 65 |
| State and local | 156 | 162 | 153 | 160 | 176 | 252 | 362 | 275 | 409 | 352 | 211 | 200 | 171 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 716 | 631 | 531 | 517 | 618 | 621 | 714 | 711 | 899 | 826 | 674 | 710 | 677 |
| South | 1,586 | 1,487 | 1,337 | 1,381 | 1,471 | 1,590 | 1,700 | 1,724 | 2,019 | 1,688 | 1,474 | 1,368 | 1,429 |
| Midwest | 1,085 | 936 | 722 | 793 | 792 | 915 | 1,054 | 939 | 1,316 | 1,047 | 972 | 835 | 847 |
| West | 879 | 890 | 776 | 824 | 909 | 911 | 967 | 1,081 | 1,138 | 1,092 | 934 | 935 | 996 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ Total separations are the number of total separations during the entire month. The estimates are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,

Table 7. Quits rates¹ by industry and census region (Percent)

| (Fercent) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Mining | .4 | 1.3 | 1.4 | .8 | .8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | .8 | 1.3 |
| Construction | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Manufacturing | .7 | .9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.1 | .9 | .7 |
| Durable goods | .6 | .8 | 1.0 | .9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.1 | .8 | .7 |
| Nondurable goods | .9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | .7 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.1 | .9 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Wholesale trade | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Retail trade | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.7 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | .9 | 1.2 | .9 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.1 | .9 | 1.2 |
| Services | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Government | .5 | .5 | .5 | .5 | .5 | .6 | .8 | .7 | 1.0 | .6 | .5 | .5 | .4 |
| Federal | .7 | .8 | .6 | .7 | .5 | .6 | .5 | .5 | .8 | .4 | .4 | .5 | .7 |
| State and local | .4 | .5 | .5 | .5 | .5 | .6 | .9 | .7 | 1.1 | .7 | .5 | .5 | .4 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| South | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 |
| Midwest | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| West | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| | | | I | | | | | | | | | | 1 |

¹The quits rate is the number of quits during the entire month as a percent of total employment. The estimates are not seasonally adjusted. NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,

Table 8. Quits levels¹ by industry and census region (In thousands)

| (In thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------|--------------|--------------|-------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. 2001 | Jan. 2002 | Feb. 2002 | Mar. 2002 | Apr. 2002 | May 2002 | June 2002 | July 2002 | Aug. 2002 | Sept. | Oct. 2002 | Nov. 2002 | Dec. |
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 1,906 | 2,026 | 1,844 | 1,989 | 2,167 | 2,383 | 2,539 | 2,550 | 3,215 | 2,524 | 2,206 | 1,915 | 1,858 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 1,805 | 1,920 | 1,743 | 1,881 | 2,063 | 2,247 | 2,360 | 2,415 | 3,010 | 2,389 | 2,095 | 1,800 | 1,762 |
| Mining | 2 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 11 | 8 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 7 |
| Construction | 88 | 104 | 118 | 122 | 127 | 125 | 146 | 174 | 186 | 157 | 131 | 99 | 98 |
| Manufacturing | 125 | 149 | 171 | 177 | 198 | 211 | 225 | 239 | 297 | 216 | 181 | 148 | 115 |
| Durable goods | 61 | 82 | 100 | 94 | 109 | 125 | 139 | 141 | 170 | 128 | 108 | 80 | 66 |
| Nondurable goods | 64 | 68 | 71 | 83 | 88 | 86 | 86 | 98 | 127 | 87 | 72 | 67 | 49 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 84 | 99 | 77 | 61 | 87 | 87 | 90 | 78 | 127 | 94 | 95 | 77 | 76 |
| Wholesale trade | 77 | 82 | 72 | 82 | 97 | 89 | 117 | 117 | 116 | 87 | 92 | 72 | 72 |
| Retail trade | 705 | 670 | 615 | 676 | 723 | 790 | 823 | 802 | 1,010 | 912 | 778 | 680 | 641 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 68 | 91 | 69 | 103 | 98 | 118 | 98 | 100 | 135 | 90 | 83 | 70 | 94 |
| Services | 655 | 716 | 614 | 656 | 729 | 822 | 850 | 897 | 1,130 | 826 | 728 | 648 | 658 |
| Government | 101 | 106 | 101 | 108 | 104 | 136 | 179 | 134 | 205 | 135 | 111 | 116 | 96 |
| Federal | 19 | 19 | 15 | 19 | 13 | 15 | 13 | 12 | 20 | 11 | 11 | 14 | 20 |
| State and local | 82 | 87 | 86 | 89 | 91 | 121 | 166 | 122 | 185 | 124 | 100 | 102 | 76 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 301 | 294 | 273 | 261 | 297 | 359 | 397 | 391 | 474 | 428 | 377 | 297 | 250 |
| South | 744 | 786 | 762 | 827 | 908 | 943 | 1,023 | 1,007 | 1,268 | 976 | 876 | 765 | 730 |
| Midwest | 469 | 503 | 372 | 451 | 446 | 530 | 557 | 538 | 743 | 541 | 475 | 426 | 435 |
| West | 392 | 444 | 438 | 449 | 516 | 551 | 562 | 613 | 729 | 579 | 478 | 427 | 443 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹ Quits are the number of quits during the entire month.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,

Table 9. Layoffs and discharges rates¹ by industry and census region (Percent)

| (Percent) | | | | | г. — | | | | | | | T | |
|---|------|--------------|-------------|------|------|------|--------------|-------------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| Total | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Mining | 2.5 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | .8 | .9 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| Construction | 5.8 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 2.4 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.5 |
| Manufacturing | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Durable goods | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 |
| Nondurable goods | 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| • | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | .6 | 1.3 | .8 | .8 | 1.2 | .7 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| Transportation and public utilities Wholesale trade | 1.3 | .7 | .8 | .7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | .9 | 1.7 | .0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.7 |
| | 1.1 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.1 | .9 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| Retail trade | .6 | .7 | | | | I | .5 | .8 | | .7 | | .7 | |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | _ | I | .6 | .4 | .4 | .9 | | | .8 | | .4 | | .6 |
| Services | 1.3 | 1.1 | .8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 |
| Government | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .4 | .6 | .5 | .9 | .9 | .3 | .3 | .4 |
| Federal | .6 | .4 | .1 | .3 | .4 | .3 | .7 | .4 | .4 | .5 | .4 | .4 | 1.5 |
| State and local | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .4 | .6 | .5 | .9 | 1.0 | .3 | .3 | .2 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 1.4 | 1.2 | .8 | .8 | 1.0 | .9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.3 | .9 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| South | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 |
| Midwest | 1.7 | 1.2 | .9 | .9 | .9 | .9 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| West | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹The layoffs and discharges rate is the number of layoffs and discharges during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia,

Table 10. Layoffs and discharges levels by industry and census region (In thousands)

| (in thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| mada, and concac region | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 2,005 | 1,590 | 1,242 | 1,247 | 1,324 | 1,350 | 1,554 | 1,494 | 1,783 | 1,775 | 1,555 | 1,646 | 1,761 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 1,944 | 1,542 | 1,205 | 1,204 | 1,259 | 1,266 | 1,425 | 1,399 | 1,609 | 1,582 | 1,487 | 1,571 | 1,676 |
| Mining | 14 | 8 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 9 |
| Construction | 381 | 197 | 208 | 195 | 155 | 174 | 225 | 168 | 255 | 209 | 287 | 285 | 292 |
| Manufacturing | 384 | 235 | 212 | 214 | 191 | 208 | 208 | 203 | 210 | 198 | 257 | 244 | 223 |
| Durable goods | 232 | 153 | 113 | 132 | 122 | 126 | 129 | 122 | 141 | 114 | 151 | 131 | 126 |
| Nondurable goods | 152 | 82 | 99 | 82 | 69 | 81 | 79 | 81 | 69 | 85 | 106 | 113 | 97 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 92 | 89 | 94 | 72 | 71 | 43 | 87 | 52 | 52 | 82 | 50 | 82 | 112 |
| Wholesale trade | 77 | 50 | 50 | 48 | 71 | 67 | 58 | 111 | 60 | 65 | 76 | 77 | 93 |
| Retail trade | 429 | 476 | 248 | 245 | 219 | 280 | 285 | 275 | 307 | 399 | 294 | 314 | 424 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 44 | 50 | 44 | 31 | 34 | 71 | 42 | 60 | 62 | 56 | 34 | 52 | 44 |
| Services | 524 | 435 | 341 | 391 | 510 | 419 | 514 | 524 | 652 | 562 | 481 | 511 | 481 |
| Government | 61 | 48 | 37 | 42 | 65 | 84 | 129 | 95 | 174 | 193 | 68 | 75 | 85 |
| Federal | 16 | 9 | 3 | 8 | 11 | 8 | 19 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 12 | 40 |
| State and local | 45 | 39 | 34 | 34 | 53 | 76 | 110 | 85 | 164 | 181 | 57 | 64 | 45 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 356 | 288 | 206 | 197 | 258 | 222 | 252 | 246 | 351 | 325 | 234 | 364 | 352 |
| South | 708 | 584 | 461 | 465 | 458 | 537 | 569 | 587 | 614 | 606 | 498 | 480 | 592 |
| Midwest | 525 | 365 | 279 | 277 | 278 | 296 | 403 | 324 | 468 | 420 | 423 | 354 | 337 |
| West | 415 | 354 | 296 | 308 | 329 | 295 | 330 | 337 | 350 | 424 | 402 | 449 | 479 |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

¹ Layoffs and discharges are the number of layoffs and discharges during the entire month. The estimates are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,

Table 11. Other separations rates¹ by industry and census region (Percent)

| Industry and census region 2001 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 200 | (Percent) | | | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | ı | | ı | | ı | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Total | Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| INDUSTRY Total private | madely and concac region | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| INDUSTRY Total private | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | Total | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Mining. .1 1.0 .2 1.4 .3 .3 .4 .4 .3 .6 .6 .5 Construction. .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .3 .1 .1 .3 .3 .4 .3 Manufacturing. .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .2 .3 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .3< | INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Mining. .1 1.0 .2 1.4 .3 .3 .4 .4 .3 .6 .6 .5 Construction. .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .3 .1 .1 .3 .3 .4 .3 Manufacturing. .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .2 .3 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .3 .2 .3 .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .3 .3 .3 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .3< | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Construction. .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .2 .3 .1 .1 .3 .3 .4 .3 Manufacturing | Total private | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 |
| Manufacturing | Mining | .1 | 1.0 | .2 | 1.4 | .3 | .3 | .4 | .4 | .3 | .6 | .6 | .5 | .1 |
| Durable goods | Construction | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .1 | .1 | .3 | .3 | .4 | .3 | .5 |
| Nondurable goods | Manufacturing | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .2 |
| Transportation and public utilities | Durable goods | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .1 | .2 |
| Wholesale trade | Nondurable goods | .2 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .2 |
| Retail trade | Transportation and public utilities | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | Wholesale trade | .2 | .1 | .4 | .1 | .2 | .1 | .2 | .2 | .1 | .5 | .2 | .2 | .2 |
| Services | Retail trade | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .5 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 |
| Government | Finance, insurance, and real estate | .4 | .4 | .1 | .4 | .2 | .1 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .1 | .2 | .3 |
| Federal | Services | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 |
| State and local | Government | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .4 | .4 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .3 |
| CENSUS REGION Northeast | Federal | .6 | .5 | .4 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 |
| Northeast | State and local | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .5 | .4 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .3 |
| South | CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Midwest | Northeast | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .3 | .2 | .3 |
| Midwest | | | | | | | | | _ | | | | | .2 |
| West | Midwest | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | | .3 | | .2 | .3 | .3 | | .2 | .2 |
| | West | .3 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .2 | .3 | .5 | .2 | .3 | .2 | .2 | .3 |
| | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |

¹The other separations rate is the number of other separations during the entire month as a percent of total employment.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia,

Table 12. Other separations levels¹ by industry and census region (In thousands)

| (III tilousalius) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Industry and census region | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| muustry and census region | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 | 2002 |
| Total | 354 | 328 | 280 | 278 | 300 | 304 | 342 | 411 | 374 | 354 | 294 | 287 | 331 |
| INDUSTRY | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total private | 310 | 280 | 237 | 234 | 262 | 241 | 251 | 340 | 306 | 302 | 236 | 247 | 276 |
| Mining | 1 | 5 | 1 | 8 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 1 |
| Construction | 10 | 10 | 10 | 14 | 11 | 17 | 8 | 5 | 19 | 18 | 26 | 19 | 34 |
| Manufacturing | 44 | 49 | 32 | 36 | 43 | 50 | 42 | 46 | 49 | 37 | 42 | 34 | 35 |
| Durable goods | 27 | 32 | 19 | 20 | 25 | 34 | 27 | 30 | 35 | 23 | 26 | 15 | 24 |
| Nondurable goods | 16 | 18 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 16 | 15 | 16 | 14 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 11 |
| Transportation and public utilities | 21 | 20 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 16 | 18 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 17 | 20 | 23 |
| Wholesale trade | 10 | 10 | 25 | 7 | 10 | 8 | 15 | 13 | 8 | 36 | 11 | 11 | 10 |
| Retail trade | 75 | 59 | 51 | 38 | 66 | 50 | 80 | 124 | 68 | 55 | 45 | 69 | 69 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 31 | 29 | 5 | 31 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 16 | 15 | 17 | 9 | 15 | 21 |
| Services | 119 | 98 | 98 | 87 | 107 | 87 | 74 | 116 | 129 | 119 | 82 | 76 | 85 |
| Government | 45 | 48 | 42 | 44 | 38 | 64 | 91 | 72 | 68 | 52 | 57 | 40 | 55 |
| Federal | 16 | 12 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| State and local | 29 | 36 | 33 | 37 | 32 | 55 | 86 | 67 | 61 | 47 | 53 | 35 | 50 |
| CENSUS REGION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Northeast | 59 | 49 | 53 | 59 | 63 | 41 | 65 | 74 | 74 | 72 | 64 | 49 | 76 |
| South | 133 | 118 | 114 | 89 | 104 | 110 | 108 | 129 | 137 | 107 | 100 | 123 | 106 |
| Midwest | 90 | 68 | 71 | 65 | 68 | 89 | 94 | 77 | 104 | 86 | 75 | 55 | 76 |
| West | 72 | 92 | 42 | 66 | 64 | 64 | 76 | 131 | 59 | 88 | 55 | 59 | 74 |

¹ Other separations are the number of other separations during the entire month.

The estimates are not seasonally adjusted.

NOTE: The States (including the District of Columbia) that comprise the census regions are: Northeast: Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont; South: Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi,